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Authorised and notified according to Article 10 of the Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products



MEMBER OF EOTA

# **European Technical Approval ETA-11/0030**

This ETA replaces the previous ETA with the same number and validity from 2012-07-17 to 2016-04-05

Trade name: Rotho Blaas Self-tapping screws\*)

Holder of approval: Rotho Blaas s.r.l Via dell'Adige 2/1

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Generic type and use of con-

struction product:

Self-tapping screws for use in timber structures

Valid from: 2012-11-08 to: 2016-04-05

Manufacturing plant:

Rotho Blaas s.r.l

Manufacturing Plants: S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8,

S9, S10

This European Technical Approval contains:

48 pages including 4 annexes which form an integral part of the document



<sup>\*)</sup> See section II.1 of this ETA

# I LEGAL BASIS AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European Technical Approval is issued by ETA-Danmark A/S in accordance with:
- Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1)</sup>, as amended by Council Directive 93/68/EEC of 22 July 1993<sup>2)</sup>.
- Bekendtgørelse 559 af 27-06-1994 (afløser bekendtgørelse 480 af 25-06-1991) om ikrafttræden af EF direktiv af 21. december 1988 om indbyrdes tilnærmelse af medlemsstaternes love og administrative bestemmelser om byggevarer.
- Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European Technical Approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>3</sup>).
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- 4 This European Technical Approval may be withdrawn by ETA-Danmark A/S pursuant to Article 5(1) of Council Directive89/106/EEC.

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- 6 This European Technical Approval is issued by ETA-Danmark A/S in English. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages

have to be designated as such.

- 1) Official Journal of the European Communities  $N^{o}$  L40, 11 Feb 1989, p 12.
- 2) Official Journal of the European Communities Nº L220, 30 Aug 1993, p 1.
- 3) Official Journal of the European Communities N° L 17, 20 Jan 1994, p 34.

# II SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

## 1 Definition of product and intended use

Rotho Blaas "HBS", "HBS+", "TBS", "KKF", "SCI", "VGS", "VGZ", "DGZ", "KKT" and "LBS" screws are self-tapping screws to be used in timber structures. "HBS" screws are also called "SCH", "GHS" "PSC", "SENK", "HTP", "SNK" or "HTS" screws, "HBS+" screws are also called "GHS+", "KEGEL", "KGL" or "HTK" screws, "KKF" screws are also called "GHKF", "KEGEL410", "KGA" or "HTK4" screws and "TBS" screws are also called "GHSK", "TELLER", "TLL" or "HTT" screws, "VGS" screws are also called "GWS" screws, "VGZ" screws are also called "GWZ" screws, "KKT" screws are also called "MNA", "MNG" or "MNB" screws. Rotho Blaas "HBS", "HBS+", "TBS", "KKF" and "SCI" screws shall be threaded over a part of the length. Rotho Blaas "VGS", "VGZ" and "LBS" screws shall be threaded over the full length. Rotho Blaas "DGZ" and "KKT" screws shall have two threaded parts over the length. The screws shall be produced from carbon steel wire for nominal diameters of 3,0 mm to 12,0 mm and from stainless steel wire for nominal diameters of 3,5 mm to 8,0 mm. Where corrosion protection is required, the material or coating shall be declared in accordance with the relevant specification given in Annex A of EN 14592.

#### **Geometry and Material**

The nominal diameter (outer thread diameter), d, shall not be less than 3,0 mm and shall not be greater than 12,0 mm. The overall length, L, of screws shall not be less than 20 mm and shall not be greater than 600 mm. Other dimensions are given in Annex A.

Screw types "HBS", "SCH", "GHS", "PSC", "HTP", "SENK", "SNK", "HTS", "HBS+", "GHS+", "KEGEL", "KGL", "HTK", "TBS", "GHSK", "TELLER", "TLL", "HTT", "DGZ", "LBS", "VGS", "GWS", "VGZ" and "GWZ" are made from carbon steel.

Screw types "KKF" and "GHKF" are made from martensitic stainless steel 1.4006 and SCI are made from stainless steel grade 1.4401 or 1.4567.

Screw types "KKT" are made from either carbon steel or stainless steel.

The ratio of inner thread diameter to outer thread diameter  $d_i/d$  ranges from 0,55 to 0,71.

The screws are threaded over a minimum length  $\ell_g$  of 3,3·d (i.e.  $\ell_g \ge 3,3\cdot d$ ).

The lead p (distance between two adjacent thread flanks) ranges from 0,43·d to 0,76·d.

No breaking shall be observed at a bend angle,  $\alpha$ , of less than  $(45/d^{0.7} + 20)$  degrees.

#### Intended use

The screws are used for connections in load bearing timber structures between members of solid timber (softwood), glued laminated timber, cross-laminated timber, and laminated veneer lumber, similar glued members, woodbased panels or steel. Rotho Blaas "VGS" and "VGZ" screws are also used as tensile or compressive reinforcement perpendicular to the grain.

Furthermore Rotho Blaas screws with diameters between 6 mm and 12 mm may also be used for the fixing of thermal insulation material on rafters and on vertical facades.

Steel plates and wood-based panels except solid wood panels and cross laminated timber shall only be located on the side of the screw head. The following wood-based panels may be used:

- Plywood according to EN 636 or European Technical Approval
- Particleboard according to EN 312 or European Technical Approval
- Oriented Strand Board, Type OSB/3 and OSB/4 according to EN 300 or European Technical Approval
- Fibreboard according to EN 622-2 and 622-3 or European Technical Approval (minimum density 650 kg/m³)
- Cement bonded particleboard
- Solid wood panels according to EN 13353 and EN 13986 and cross laminated timber according to European Technical Approval
- Laminated Veneer Lumber, LVL
- Engineered wood products according to European Technical Approval, provided that the ETA for the product provides provisions for the use of self-tapping screws and these provisions are applied

The screws shall be driven into the wood without predrilling or after pre-drilling with a diameter not larger than the inner thread diameter.

The screws are intended to be used in timber connections for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106/EEC shall be fulfilled.

The design of the connections shall be based on the characteristic load-carrying capacities of the screws. The design capacities shall be derived from the characteristic capacities in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code (e.g. DIN 1052:2008-12).

The screws are intended for use for connections subject to static or quasi static loading.

The scope of the screws regarding resistance to corrosion shall be defined according to national provisions that apply at the installation site considering environmental conditions. Section 2.7 of this ETA contains the corrosion

protection for Rotho Blaas screws made from carbon steel and the material number of the stainless steel.

#### **Assumed working life**

The assumed intended working life of the screws for the intended use is 50 years, provided that they are subject to appropriate use and maintenance.

The information on the working life should not be regarded as a guarantee provided by the manufacturer or the approval body issuing the ETA. An "assumed intended working life" means that it is expected that, when this working life has elapsed, the real working life may be, in normal use conditions, considerably longer without major degradation affecting the essential requirements.

# 2 Characteristics of product and assessment

	Characteristic	Assessment of characteristic					
2.1 Mech	nanical resistance and stability*)						
2.1.1	Tensile strength	Characteristic value f	tens,k:				
	Screw made from carbon steel "HBS", "SCH", "GHS", "PSC", "HTP", "SENK", "SNK", "HTS", "HBS+", "GHS+", "KEGEL", "KGL", "HTK", "TBS", "GHSK", "TELLER", "TLL", "HTT", "DGZ", "LBS", "VGS", "GWS", "VGZ", "GWZ" "KKT", "MNB" and "MNG" and screws made from stainless steel "KKT", "MNA", "MNB", "MNG", "KKF" and "GHKF" screws	Screw d = 3,0 mm: Screw d = 3,5 mm: Screw d = 4,0 mm: Screw d = 4,5 mm: Screw d = 5,0 mm: Screw d = 6,0 mm: Screw d = 7,0 mm: Screw d = 8,0 mm: Screw d = 9,0 mm: Screw d = 10,0 mm: Screw d = 11,0 mm: Screw d = 12,0 mm:	2,8 kN 3,8 kN 5,0 kN 6,4 kN 7,9 kN 11,3 kN 15,4 kN 20,1 kN 25,4 kN 31,4 kN 38,0 kN 33,9 kN				
	Screws made from stainless steel "SCI"	Screw d = 3,5 mm: Screw d = 4,0 mm: Screw d = 4,5 mm: Screw d = 5,0 mm: Screw d = 6,0 mm: Screw d = 8,0 mm:	2,1 kN 2,8 kN 3,5 kN 4,3 kN 6,2 kN 11,1 kN				
2.1.2	Insertion moment	the mean insertion mo	ristic torsional strength to oment:				
2.1.3	Torsional strength	$f_{tor,k} / R_{tor,mean} \ge 1,5$ Characteristic value f	·				
2.1.3	"HBS", "SCH", "GHS", "PSC", "HTP", "SENK", "SNK", "HTS", "HBS+", "GHS+", "KEGEL", "KGL", "HTK", "TBS", "GHSK", "TELLER", "TLL", "HTT", "KKF", "GHKF", "KEGEL410", "KGA", "HTK4", "VGS", "GWS", "VGZ", "GWZ" and "DGZ" screws	Screw d = 3,0 mm: Screw d = 3,5 mm: Screw d = 4,0 mm: Screw d = 4,5 mm: Screw d = 5,0 mm: Screw d = 6,0 mm: Screw d = 7,0 mm: Screw d = 8,0 mm: Screw d = 9,0 mm: Screw d = 10,0 mm: Screw d = 11,0 mm: Screw d = 12,0 mm:	1,3 Nm 2,0 Nm 3,0 Nm 5,0 Nm 7,5 Nm 12,0 Nm 18,0 Nm 28,0 Nm 35,0 Nm 40,0 Nm 60,0 Nm				
	"KKT", "MNA", "MNB", "MNG", "SCI" and "LBS" screws	Screw d = 3,5 mm: Screw d = 4,0 mm: Screw d = 4,5 mm: Screw d = 5,0 mm: Screw d = 6,0 mm: Screw d = 8,0 mm:	1,5 Nm 2,0 Nm 3,0 Nm 5,0 Nm 8,0 Nm 18,0 Nm				

	Characteristic	Assessment of characteristic			
2.2 Safe	ety in case of fire				
2.2.1	Reaction to fire	The screws are made from steel classified as <b>Euroclass A1</b> in accordance with EN 1350-1 and EC decision 96/603/EC, amended by EC Decision 2000/605/EC			
2.3 Hyg	iene, health and the environment				
2.3.1	Influence on air quality	No dangerous materials **)			
2.4 Safe	ety in use	Not relevant			
2.5 Pro	tection against noise	Not relevant			
2.6 Ene	rgy economy and heat retention	Not relevant			
2.7 Rela	ated aspects of serviceability				
2.7.1	Durability	The screws have been assessed as having			
2.7.2	Serviceability	satisfactory durability and serviceability when used in timber structures using the timber species described in Eurocode 5 and subject to the conditions defined by service classes 1. 2 and 3			
2.7.3	Identification	See Annex A			

<sup>\*)</sup> See page 7 of this ETA

<sup>\*\*)</sup> In accordance with http://europa.eu.int-/comm/enterprise/construction/internal/dangsub/dangmain.htm In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the EU Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

#### 2.1 Mechanical resistance and stability

The load-carrying capacities for Rotho Blaas screws are applicable to the wood-based materials mentioned in paragraph 1 even though the term timber has been used in the following.

The characteristic lateral load-carrying capacities and the characteristic axial withdrawal capacities of Rotho Blaas screws should be used for designs in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code.

Pointside penetration length must be  $\ell_{\rm ef} \ge 4 \cdot d$ , where d is the outer thread diameter of the screw. For the fixing of rafters, point side penetration must be at least 40 mm,  $\ell_{\rm ef} \ge 40$  mm.

European Technical Approvals for structural members may be considered if applicable.

For wood-based panels the relevant European Technical Approvals must be considered where applicable.

#### Lateral load-carrying capacity

The characteristic lateral load-carrying capacity of Rotho Blaas screws shall be calculated according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) using the outer thread diameter d as the nominal diameter of the screw.

The characteristic yield moment shall be calculated from:

Rotho Blaas screws made from carbon steel and "KKT" and "KKF" screws made from stainless steel for 3,0 mm  $\leq$  d < 5,0 mm:

$$M_{y,k} = 0.15 \cdot 550 \text{ (N/mm}^2) \cdot d^{2.6}$$
 [Nmm]

Rotho Blaas screws made from carbon steel and "KKT" and "KKF" screws made from stainless steel for 6,0 mm  $\leq$  d  $\leq$  11,0 mm:

$$M_{y,k} = 0.15 \cdot 600 \text{ (N/mm}^2) \cdot d^{2.6}$$
 [Nmm]

Rotho Blaas screws made from carbon steel for d = 12,0 mm:

$$M_{y,k} = 0.15 \cdot 500 \text{ (N/mm}^2) \cdot d^{2.6}$$
 [Nmm]

Rotho Blaas screws made from stainless steel "SCI":

$$M_{v,k} = 0.15 \cdot 220 \text{ (N/mm}^2) \cdot d^{2.6}$$
 [Nmm]

where

d outer thread diameter [mm]

## Axial withdrawal capacity

The characteristic axial withdrawal capacity of Rotho Blaas screws in solid timber (softwood), glued laminated timber or cross-laminated timber members at an angle of  $30^{\circ} \le \alpha \le 90^{\circ}$  to the grain shall be calculated according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 from:

$$F_{\text{ax},\alpha,\,\text{Rk}} = \frac{n_{\text{e}f} \cdot 11.7 \cdot \text{d} \cdot \ell_{\,\text{e}f}}{1.2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0.8} \quad [\text{N}]$$

where

d

 $\begin{array}{ccc} F_{ax,\alpha,RK} & \text{characteristic withdrawal capacity of the} \\ & \text{screw at an angle } \alpha \text{ to the grain } [N] \\ n_{ef} & \text{effective number of screws according to } EN \end{array}$ 

1995-1-1:2008

 $\ell_{\rm ef}$  pointside penetration length of the threaded part according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 [mm]  $\alpha$  angle between grain and screw axis ( $\alpha \ge 30^{\circ}$ )

outer thread diameter [mm]

 $\rho_k$  characteristic density [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

The axial withdrawal capacity is limited by the head pullthrough capacity and the tensile strength of the screw.

#### Head pull-through capacity

The characteristic head pull-through capacity of Rotho Blaas screws in softwoods and wood-based panels shall be calculated according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 from:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rk} = n_{ef} \cdot f_{head,k} \cdot d_h^2 \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8}$$
 [N]

where:

 $F_{ax,\alpha,RK}$  characteristic head pull-through capacity of the connection at an angle  $\alpha \ge 30^{\circ}$  to the grain [N]

n<sub>ef</sub> effective number of screws according to EN 1995-1-1:2008

 $f_{head,k}$  characteristic head pull-through parameter [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

d<sub>h</sub> diameter of the screw head [mm]

 $\rho_k \qquad \text{characteristic density [kg/m³], for wood-based} \\ \text{panels } \rho_k = 380 \text{ kg/m³}$ 

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for Rotho Blaas screws or for washer except "KKF" and "KKT" screws in connections with softwood and in connections with woodbased panels with thicknesses above 20 mm:

 $f_{head.k} = 10.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for Rotho Blaas "KKF" and "KKT" screws in connections with softwood and in connections with wood-based panels with thicknesses above 20 mm:

 $f_{head,k} = 16,5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Characteristic head pull-through parameter for screws in connections with wood-based panels with thicknesses between 12 mm and 20 mm:

 $f_{head,k} = 8 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Screws in connections with wood-based panels with a thickness below 12 mm (minimum thickness of the wood based panels of 1,2·d with d as outer thread diameter):

$$\begin{split} f_{head,k} &= 8 \ N/mm^2 \\ limited \ to \ F_{ax,Rk} &= 400 \ N \end{split}$$

The head diameter  $d_h$  of all screws except "KKF" and "KKT" screws shall be greater than  $1.8 \cdot d_s$ , where  $d_s$  is the

smooth shank or the wire diameter. Otherwise the characteristic head pull-through capacity  $F_{ax,\alpha,Rk}=0$ .

The minimum thickness of wood-based panels according to the clause 2.1 must be observed.

In steel-to-timber connections the head pull-through capacity may be disregarded.

#### **Tensile capacity**

The characteristic tensile strength  $f_{tens,k}$  of screws made from carbon steel and "KKF" and "KKT" screws made from stainless steel is:

Screw d = 3.0 mm: 2,8 kN Screw d = 3.5 mm: 3,8 kN Screw d = 4.0 mm: 5.0 kN Screw d = 4.5 mm: 6,4 kN Screw d = 5.0 mm: 7,9 kN Screw d = 6.0 mm: 11,3 kN Screw d = 7.0 mm: 15,4 kN Screw d = 8.0 mm: 20,1 kN Screw d = 9.0 mm: 25,4 kN Screw d = 10.0 mm: 31.4 kN Screw d = 11.0 mm: 38,0 kN Screw d = 12,0 mm: 33,9 kN

Screws made from stainless steel "SCI":

Screw d = 3,5 mm: 2,1 kN Screw d = 4,0 mm: 2,8 kN Screw d = 4,5 mm: 3,5 kN Screw d = 5,0 mm: 4,3 kN Screw d = 6,0 mm: 6,2 kN Screw d = 8,0 mm: 11,1 kN

For screws used in combination with steel plates, the tearoff capacity of the screw head should be greater than the tensile strength of the screw.

#### Combined laterally and axially loaded screws

For screwed connections subjected to a combination of axial and lateral load, the following expression should be satisfied:

$$\left(\frac{F_{ax,Ed}}{F_{ax,Rd}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{F_{la,Ed}}{F_{la,Rd}}\right)^2 \leq 1$$

where

 $F_{ax,Ed}$  axial design load of the screw  $F_{la,Ed}$  lateral design load of the screw

F<sub>ax,Rd</sub> design load-carrying capacity of an axially

loaded screw

 $F_{la,Rd}$  design load-carrying capacity of a laterally

loaded screw

#### Mechanically jointed beams

"VGS" and "VGZ" screws with a full thread may be used for connections in structural members which are composed of several parts in mechanically jointed beams or columns.

The axial slip modulus  $K_{\text{ser}}$  of a screw with a full thread for the serviceability limit state should be taken independent of angle  $\alpha$  to the grain as:

$$C = K_{ser} = 780 \cdot d^{0.2} \cdot \ell_{ef}^{0.4}$$
 [N/mm]

where

d outer thread diameter [mm]

 $\ell_{\rm ef}$  penetration length in the structural member [mm] ( $\ell_1$  or  $\ell_2$ ) (see Annex B)

#### **Compression reinforcement**

"VGS" and "VGZ" screws with a full thread may be used for reinforcement of timber members with compression stresses at an angle  $\alpha$  to the grain of  $45^{\circ} < \alpha < 90^{\circ}$ . The compression force must be evenly distributed over all screws.

The characteristic load-carrying capacity for a contact area with screws with a full thread at an angle  $\alpha$  to the grain of  $45^{\circ} < \alpha < 90^{\circ}$  shall be calculated from:

$$F_{90,Rk} = min \begin{cases} k_{c,90} \cdot B \cdot \ell_{ef,1} \cdot f_{c,90,k} + n \cdot min \left(F_{ax,Rk}; F_{ki,Rk}\right) \\ B \cdot \ell_{ef,2} \cdot f_{c,90,k} \end{cases}$$

where

$$\begin{split} F_{90,Rk} & \text{ load-carrying capacity of reinforced contact area [N]} \\ & k_{c,90} & \text{ factor for compression perpendicular to the grain according to EN 1995-1-1:2008, 6.1.5} \end{split}$$

B bearing width [mm]

 $\ell_{\rm ef,1}$  effective length of contact area according to EN 1995-1-1:2008, 6.1.5 [mm]

 $f_{c,90,k} \, characteristic \, \, compressive \, \, strength \, \, perpendicular \, \, to \\ the \, grain \, [N/mm^2]$ 

n number of reinforcement screws,  $n = n_0 \cdot n_{90}$ 

n<sub>0</sub> number of reinforcement screws arranged in a row parallel to the grain

 $n_{90}$  number of reinforcement screws arranged in a row perpendicular to the grain

 $F_{ax,Rk}$  characteristic axial withdrawal capacity [N]

F<sub>ki,Rk</sub> characteristic buckling capacity [N]

 $\ell_{\text{ef,2}}$  effective distribution length in the plane of the screw tips [mm]

 $\ell_{ef,2} = \ell_{ef} + (n_0 - 1) \cdot a_1 + \min(\ell_{ef}; a_{1,c})$  for reinforced end-bearings [mm]

 $\ell_{ef,2} = 2 \cdot \ell_{ef} + (n_0 - 1) \cdot a_1$  for reinforced centre-bearings [mm]

 $\ell_{\rm ef}$  point side penetration length [mm]

a<sub>1</sub> spacing parallel to the grain [mm]

a<sub>1,c</sub> end distance [mm]

Reinforcing screws for compression shall be arranged according to Annex C.

Reinforcing screws for wood-based panels are not covered by this European Technical Approval.

The characteristic buckling capacity  $F_{ki,Rk}$  shall be calculated from:

$$F_{ki,Rk} = \kappa_c \cdot N_{pl,k}$$
 [N]

where

$$\kappa_{c} \ = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } \overline{\lambda}_{k} \leq 0, 2\\ \frac{1}{k + \sqrt{k^{2} - \overline{\lambda}_{k}^{2}}} & \text{for } \overline{\lambda}_{k} > 0, 2 \end{cases}$$

$$k = 0.5 \cdot \left[ 1 + 0.49 \cdot (\overline{\lambda}_k - 0.2) + \overline{\lambda}_k^2 \right]$$

The relative slenderness ratio shall be calculated from:

$$\overline{\lambda}_{k} = \sqrt{\frac{N_{pl,k}}{N_{ki,k}}}$$

where

$$N_{pl,k} = \pi \cdot \frac{d_l^2}{4} \cdot f_{y,k}$$
 [N]

is the characteristic value for the axial capacity in case of plastic analysis referred to the inner thread cross section.

Characteristic yield strength of screws from carbon steel:  $f_{v,k} = 1000$  [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

Characteristic ideal elastic buckling load:

$$N_{ki,k} = \sqrt{c_h \cdot E_S \cdot I_S}$$
 [N]

Elastic foundation of the screw:

$$c_h = (0.19 + 0.012 \cdot d) \cdot \rho_k \cdot \left(\frac{\alpha}{180^{\circ}} + 0.5\right)$$
 [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

Modulus of elasticity:

$$E_s = 210000$$
 [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

Second moment of area:

$$I_{S} = \frac{\pi}{64} \cdot d_{1}^{4}$$
 [mm<sup>4</sup>]

$$d_1 = inner thread diameter$$
 [mm]

Note: When determining design values of the compressive capacity it should be considered that  $f_{ax,d}$  is to be calculated using  $k_{mod}$  and  $\gamma_M$  for timber according to EN 1995 while  $N_{pl,d}$  is calculated using  $\gamma_{M,0}$  for steel according to EN 1993.

#### Thermal insulation material on top of rafters

Rotho Blaas screws with an outer thread diameter of at least d = 6 mm may be used for the fixing of Thermal insulation material on top of rafters.

The thickness of the insulation shall not exceed 300 mm. The rafter insulation must be placed on top of solid timber or glued laminated timber rafters or cross-laminated timber members and be fixed by battens arranged parallel to the rafters or by wood-based panels on top of the insulation layer. The insulation of vertical facades is also covered by the rules given here.

Screws must be screwed in the rafter through the battens or panels and the insulation without pre-drilling in one sequence.

The angle  $\alpha$  between the screw axis and the grain direction of the rafter should be between 30° and 90°.

The battens must be from solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338:2003-04. The minimum thickness t and the minimum width b of the battens is given as follows:

Screws $d = 6 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 50 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 30 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 7 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 50 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 30 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 8 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 50 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 30 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 9 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 60 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 40 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 10 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 60 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 40 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 11 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 80 \text{ mm}$	$t_{\text{min}} = 60 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 12 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 100 \text{ mm}$	$t_{min} = 80 \text{ mm}$

Alternatively to the battens, boards with a minimum thickness of 20 mm from plywood according to EN 636, particle board according to EN 312, oriented strand board OSB/3 and OSB/4 according to EN 300, solid wood panels according to EN 13353 or to European Technical Approval or national provision that apply at the installation site or cross laminated timber according to European Technical Approval may be used.

The rafter consists of solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338, glued laminated timber according to EN 14081, cross-laminated timber, and laminated veneer lumber according to EN 14374 or to European Technical Approval or similar glued members according to European Technical Approval.

The insulation must comply with a European Technical Approval.

The insulation must have a minimum compressive stress of  $\sigma_{10\%} = 0.05 \text{ N/mm}^2$  at 10 % deformation according to EN 826:1996-05.

The analysis of the fixing of the insulation and battens or boards, respectively, may be carried out using the static model in Annex D. The battens or boards, respectively, must have sufficient strength and stiffness. The maximum design value of the compressive stress between the battens or boards, respectively, and the insulation shall not exceed  $1,1.\sigma_{10\%}$ .

The characteristic axial capacity of the "HBS", "HBS+", "TBS", "KKF" and "SCI" screws for rafter or facade insulation shall be calculated from:

$$F_{\text{ax},\alpha,\text{Rd}} = \text{min} \left\{ \frac{f_{\text{ax},\text{d}} \cdot \text{d} \cdot \ell_{\text{ef}} \cdot \text{k}_1 \cdot \text{k}_2}{1.2 \cdot \text{cos}^2 \alpha + \text{sin}^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_{\text{k}}}{350}\right)^{0.8}; f_{\text{head},\text{d}} \cdot d_{\text{h}}^2 \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_{\text{k}}}{350}\right)^{0.8}; \frac{f_{\text{tens},\text{k}}}{\gamma_{\text{M2}}} \right\}$$

The characteristic axial capacity of the "DGZ", "VGS" or "VGZ" screws for rafter or facade insulation shall be

calculated from: 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef} \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2}{1, 2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8} \\ \max \left\{ f_{head,d} \cdot d_h^2; \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef,b}}{1, 2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \right\} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8} \\ \frac{f_{tens,k}}{\gamma_{M2}} \end{cases}$$

where

Design value of the axial capacity of the  $F_{ax,\alpha,Rd}$ 

connection at an angle  $\alpha$  to the grain [N]

Design value of the axial withdrawal parameter of  $f_{ax,d}$ the threaded part of the screw [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

d Outer thread diameter [mm]

Point side penetration length of the threaded  $\ell_{\mathrm{ef}}$ part according to EN 1995-1-1:2008 [mm]

Length of the threaded part in the batten  $\ell_{\text{ef,b}}$ 

Angle between grain and screw axis ( $\alpha \ge 30^{\circ}$ ) α

Partial factor according to EN 1993-1-1 or to  $\gamma_{M2}$ 

the particular national annex

min {1; 200/t<sub>HI</sub>}  $\mathbf{k}_1$ 

 $\mathbf{k}_2$ min  $\{1; \sigma_{10\%}/0,12\}$ 

Thickness of the Thermal insulation material  $t_{HI}$ 

Compressive stress of the Thermal insulation  $\sigma_{10\%}$ 

material under 10 % deformation [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

 $\sigma_{10\%} \ge 0.05 \text{ N/mm}^2$ 

Design value of the head pull-through  $f_{head,d}$ 

capacity [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

 $d_h$ Outer diameter of the screw head [mm]

Characteristic density of the batten or rafter,  $\rho_k$ 

respectively [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

Friction forces shall not be considered for the design of the characteristic axial capacity of the screws.

The anchorage of wind suction forces as well as the bending stresses of the battens or the boards, respectively, shall be considered in design. Additional screws perpendicular to the grain of the rafter (angle  $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ ) may be arranged if necessary.

The maximum screw spacing is  $e_S = 1,75$  m.

Screws for the anchorage of rafter insulation shall be arranged according to Annex D (thermal insulation on rafters with parallel inclined screws or with alternatively inclined screws).

#### 2.7 Related aspects of serviceability

2.7.1 Corrosion protection in service class 1, 2 and 3.

The Rotho Blaas screws are produced from steel wire. Screws made from steel are electrogalvanised and yellow or blue chromate. The thickness of the zinc coating is minimum 5 um.

Steel no. 1.4006, 1.4401 and 1.4567 is used for screws made from stainless steel.

# 3 Attestation of Conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 Attestation of Conformity system

The system of attestation of conformity is 2+ described in Council Directive 89/106/EEC (Construction Products Directive) Annex III.

- a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) Factory production control,
  - (2) Initial type testing of the product,
- b) Tasks for the notified body:
  - (1) Initial inspection of the factory and the factory production control,
  - (2) Continuous surveillance

#### 3.2 Responsibilities

#### 3.2.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

#### 3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer has a factory production control system in the plant and exercises permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer are documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures. This production control system ensures that the product is in conformity with the European Technical Approval.

The manufacturer shall only use raw materials supplied with the relevant inspection documents as laid down in the control plan<sup>4</sup>. The incoming raw materials shall be subject to controls and tests by the manufacturer before acceptance. Check of materials, such as sheet metal, shall include control of the inspection documents presented by suppliers (comparison with nominal values) by verifying dimension and determining material properties, e.g. chemical composition, mechanical properties and zinc coating thickness.

The manufactured components are checked visually and for dimensions.

The control plan, which is part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Approval,

The control plan has been deposited at ETA-Danmark and is only made available to the approved bodies involved in the conformity attestation procedure.

includes details of the extent, nature and frequency of testing and controls to be performed within the factory production control and has been agreed between the approval holder and ETA Danmark.

The results of factory production control are recorded and evaluated. The records include at least the following information:

- Designation of the product, basic material and components;
- Type of control or testing;
- Date of manufacture of the product and date of testing of the product or basic material and components;
- Result of control and testing and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements;
- Signature of person responsible for factory production control.

The records shall be presented to ETA Danmark on request.

#### 3.2.1.2 Initial type testing of the product

For initial type-testing the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the European Technical Approval shall be used unless there are changes in the production line or plant. In such cases the necessary initial type testing has to be agreed between ETA Danmark and the notified body.

#### 3.2.2. Tasks of notified bodies

3.2.2.1 Initial inspection of the factory and the factory production control

The approved body should ascertain that, in accordance with the control plan, the factory, in particular the staff and equipment, and the factory production control, are suitable to ensure a continuous and orderly manufacturing of the screws with the specifications given in part 2.

#### 3.2.2.2 Continuous surveillance

The approved body shall visit the factory at least twice a year for routine inspections. It shall be verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing processes are maintained, taking account of the control plan.

The results of product certification and continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the certification body to ETA Danmark. Where the provisions of the European Technical Approval and the control plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate

of conformity shall be withdrawn by the approved body.

#### 3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of screws. The initials "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the notified body and shall be accompanied by the following information:

- Name or identifying mark of the manufacturer
- The last two digits of the year in which the marking was affixed
- Number of the European Technical Approval
- Name of product
- Outer thread diameter and length of the self-tapping screws
- Type and mean thickness of the corrosion protection
- Number of the EC Certificate of Conformity

# 4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

# 4.1 Manufacturing

The screws are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Approval using the automated manufacturing process as identified during the inspection of the plant by the approval body issuing the ETA and the approved body and laid down in the technical documentation.

#### 4.2 Installation

- 4.2.1 The installation shall be carried out in accordance with Eurocode 5 or an appropriate national code unless otherwise is defined in the following. Instructions from Rotho Blaas SRL should be considered for installation.
- 4.2.2 The screws are used for connections in load bearing timber structures between members of solid timber (softwood), glued laminated timber, cross-laminated timber, laminated veneer lumber, similar glued members, woodbased panels or steel members.

The screws may be used for connections in load bearing timber structures with structural members according to an associated European Technical Approval, if according to the associated European Technical Approval of the structural member a connection in load bearing timber structures with screws according to a European Technical Approval is allowed.

Rotho Blaas fully threaded "VGS" and "VGZ" screws are also used as tensile or compressive reinforcement perpendicular to the grain.

Furthermore the screws with diameters of at least 6 mm may also be used for the fixing of insulation on top of rafters.

A minimum of two screws should be used for connections in load bearing timber structures.

The minimum penetration depth in structural members made of solid, glued or cross-laminated timber is 4·d.

Wood-based panels and steel plates should only be arranged on the side of the screw head. The minimum thickness of wood-based panels should be 1,2·d. Furthermore the minimum thickness for following wood-based panels should be:

- Plywood, Fibreboards: 6 mm
- Particleboards, OSB, Cement Particleboards: 8 mm
- Solid wood panels: 12 mm

For structural members according to European Technical Approvals the terms of the European Technical Approvals must be considered.

If screws with an outer thread diameter  $d \ge 8$  mm are used in load bearing timber structures, the structural solid or glued laminated timber, laminated veneer lumber and similar glued members must be from spruce, pine or fir. This does not apply for screws in pre-drilled holes.

The minimum angle between the screw axis and the grain direction is  $\alpha = 30^{\circ}$ .

4.2.3 The screws shall be driven into the wood with or without pre-drilling. The maximum pre-drilling diameter is the inner thread diameter. The hole diameter in steel members must be predrilled with a suitable diameter. Hard wood substrates shall always be pre-drilled.

Only the equipment prescribed by Rotho Blaas SRL shall be used for driving the screws.

In connections with screws with countersunk head according to Annex A the head must be flush with the surface of the connected structural member. A deeper countersink is not allowed.

4.2.4 For structural timber members, minimum spacing and distances for screws in predrilled holes are given in EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) clause 8.3.1.2 and table 8.2 as for nails in predrilled holes. Here, the outer thread diameter d must be considered.

For screws in non-predrilled holes, minimum spacing and distances are given in EN 1995-1-1:2008 (Eurocode 5) clause 8.3.1.2 and table 8.2 as for nails in non-predrilled holes.

Minimum distances and spacing for "KKT" screws in non-predrilled holes in members with a minimum thickness  $t = 4 \cdot d$  and a minimum width of  $12 \cdot d$  or 60 mm, whichever is the greater, may be taken as:

Spacing a <sub>1</sub> parallel to the grain	$a_1 = 8 \cdot d$
Spacing a <sub>2</sub> perpendicular to the grain	$a_2=4\cdot d$
Loaded end distance:	$a_{3,t} = 12 \cdot d$
Unloaded end distance:	$a_{3,c} = 5 \cdot d$
Loaded edge distance:	$a_{4,t} = 5 \cdot d$
Unloaded edge distance:	$a_{4,c} = 4 \cdot d$

For Douglas fir members minimum spacing and distances parallel to the grain shall be increased by 50%.

Minimum distances from loaded or unloaded ends must be  $15\cdot d$  for screws in non-predrilled holes with outer thread diameter  $d \ge 8$  mm and timber thickness  $t < 5\cdot d$ .

Minimum distances from the unloaded edge perpendicular to the grain may be reduced to 3·d also for timber thickness

 $t < 5 \cdot d$ , if the spacing parallel to the grain and the end distance is at least 25 \cdot d.

Minimum distances and spacing for exclusively axially loaded screws in predrilled and non-predrilled holes in members with a minimum thickness  $t=12\cdot d$  and a minimum width of  $8\cdot d$  or 60 mm, whichever is the greater, may be taken as:

Spacing a <sub>1</sub> parallel to the grain	$a_1 = 5 \cdot d$
Spacing a <sub>2</sub> perpendicular to the grain	$a_2 = 5 \cdot d$
Distance $a_{1,CG}$ from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the end grain	$a_{1,CG} = 10 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>2,CG</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the edge	$a_{2,CG} = 4 \cdot d$

Spacing  $a_2$  perpendicular to the grain may be reduced from 5·d to 2,5·d, if the condition  $a_1 \cdot a_2 \ge 25 \cdot d^2$  is fulfilled.

For a crossed screw couple the minimum spacing between the crossing screws is 1,5·d.

Minimum thickness for structural members is  $t=30\ mm$  for screws with outer thread diameter  $d=8\ mm$ ,  $t=40\ mm$  for screws with outer thread diameter  $d=10\ mm$ ,  $t=60\ mm$  for screws with outer thread diameter  $d=11\ mm$ , and  $t=80\ mm$  for screws with outer thread diameter  $d=12\ mm$ .

Unless specified otherwise in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) of cross laminated timber, minimum distances and spacing for screws in the wide face of cross laminated timber members with a minimum thickness  $t = 10 \cdot d$  may be taken as (see Annex B):

Spacing a <sub>1</sub> parallel to the grain	$a_1 = 4 \cdot d$
Spacing a <sub>2</sub> perpendicular to the grain	$a_2 = 2,5 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>3,c</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the unloaded end grain	$a_{3,c} = 6 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>3,t</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded end grain	$a_{3,t} = 6 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>4,c</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the unloaded edge	$a_{4,c} = 2.5 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>4,t</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded edge	$a_{4,t} = 6 \cdot d$

Unless specified otherwise in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) of cross laminated timber, minimum distances and spacing for screws in the edge surface of cross laminated timber members with a minimum thickness  $t=10\cdot d$  and a minimum penetration depth perpendicular to the edge surface of  $10\cdot d$  may be taken as (see Annex B):

Spacing a <sub>1</sub> parallel to the CLT plane	$a_1 = 10$	· d
Spacing a <sub>2</sub> perpendicular to the CLT plane	$a_2 = 4$ .	d
Distance a <sub>3,c</sub> from centre of the screw-part in		
timber to the unloaded end	$a_{3c} = 7$ .	d

Distance $a_{3,t}$ from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded end	$a_{3,t}=12\cdot d$
Distance a <sub>4,c</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the unloaded edge	$a_{4,c} = 3 \cdot d$
Distance a <sub>4,t</sub> from centre of the screw-part in	
timber to the loaded edge	$a_{4,t} = 6 \cdot d$

#### 4.3 Maintenance and repair

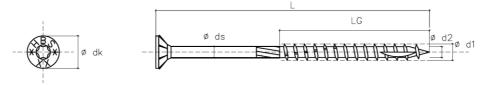
Maintenance is not required during the assumed intended working life. Should repair prove necessary, it is normal to replace the screw.

Thomas Bruun Manager, ETA-Danmark

# Annex A Drawings of Rotho Blaas Screws

# Rotho Blaas Screws "HBS"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.08$	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.00 \pm 0.05$	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.16 \pm 0.05$	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$



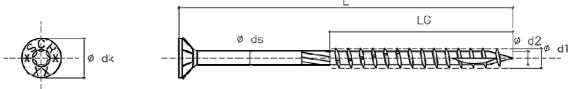
Shank Ribs Optional

d <sub>1</sub> 3.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 3.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	os Optional <b>00 mm</b>
L	$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{G}}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
20	15	20	14	25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
25	20	25	14	30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	80	52	200	80
30	25	25	20	30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	90	52	200	100
35	30	30	18	30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	100	52	220	80
40	35	30	25	35	16	40	24	60	30	60	35	100	52	120	52	220	100
		35	18	35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	120	60	240	80
		40 45	18 24	40 45	24 24	45 50	30 24	70 70	35 40	70 80	40	100 120	80 52	120 140	80 52	240 260	100 80
		50	24	45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
		30	2-7	50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
				50	30	60	35	90	45	90	50	140	52	160	80	280	100
				60	30	70	35	90	55	90	55	140	60	180	80	300	80
				60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
				70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
				70	40			110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
				80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	220	80	320	100
					-			110	60	120	50	180	80	220	100	320	120
								120	50	120	60	180	90	240	80	340	80
								120	60	120 130	75 50	180 200	100 80	240 260	100 80	340 340	100 120
										130	60	200	100	260	100	360	80
										130	75	220	80	280	80	360	100
										140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
										140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
										150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
										150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
										160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
										160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
										180	75	280	100	320	120	400	120
										180	100	300	80	340	80	440	100
-										200	75	300	100	340	100	440	120
										200 220	100 75	300 320	120 80	340 360	120 80	480 480	100 120
										220	100	320	100	360	100	500	100
										240	75	320	120	360	120	500	120
										240	100	340	80	380	80	520	100
										260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
										260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
										280	75	360	80	400	80	540	120
										280	100	360	100	400	100	550	100
<u> </u>										300	75	360	120	400	120	550	120
					-			<del>                                     </del>		300	100	380	80	420	80	560	100
<u> </u>					-			<del>                                     </del>				380 380	100 120	420 420	100 120	560 600	120 100
												400	80	440	100	600	120
<del>                                     </del>					1			<del> </del>				400	100	440	120	000	120
												400	120	450	100		
								Ì				420	80	450	120		
												420	100	460	100		
												420	120	460	120		
												440	100	480	100		
												440	120	480	120		
								<u> </u>				450	100	500	100		
-												450	120	500	120		
								<b> </b>				460	100				
<b>H</b>								1				460 480	120 100				1
<del>                                     </del>					1			<del> </del>				480	120				$\vdash$
												500	100				
												500	120				
												,,,,					

Tolerance (L and  $\underline{L_G}$ ): + 2.00 mm - 1.00 mm / All specification in [mm] / Intermediate length (L) and thread length (L<sub>G</sub>) are possible.

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "SCH"

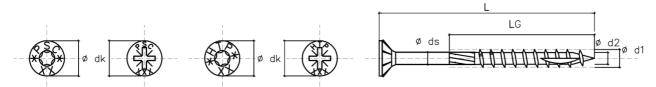
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.08$	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.00 \pm 0.05$	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.16 \pm 0.05$	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$



 $\underline{\text{Tolerance (L and L}_{G}): +2.00 \text{ mm} - 1.00 \text{ mm} / \text{All specification in [mm]} / \text{Intermediate length (L) and thread length (L}_{G}) \text{ are possible.}$ 

# Rotho Blaas Screws "PSC" or "HTP"

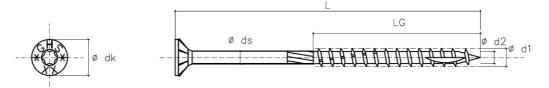
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.08$	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$2.00 \pm 0.05$	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.16 \pm 0.05$	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$



									Shank Ribs and Car					
$d_1 \ 3.0$	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 3.5	0 mm	$d_1 4.0$	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	$d_1 5.0$	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_G$	
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	
20	15	20	14	25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	
25	20	25	14	30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	
30	25	25	20	30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	
35	30	30	18	30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	
40	35	30	25	35	16	40	24	60	30	60	35	100	52	
		35	18	35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	
		40	18	40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	
		45	24	45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	
		50	24	45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	
				50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	
				50	30	60	35	90	45	90	50	140	52	
				60	30	70	35	90	55	90	55	140	60	
				60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	
				70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	
				70	40			110	50	110	50	160	90	
<u> </u>				80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	
<u> </u>								110	60	120	50	180	80	
<u> </u>								120	50	120	60	180	90	
								120	60	120	75	180	100	
										130	50	200	80	
										130	60	200	100	
										130	75	220	80	
										140	75	220	100	
										140	80	240	80	
										150	75	240	100	
										150	80	260	80	
										160	75	260	100	
-										160	90	280	80	
-										180	75	280	100	
-										180	100	300	80	
										200	75	300	100	
										200	100	300	120	
										220	75	320	80	
										220 240	100 75	320 320	100 120	
										240	100	340	80	
										260	75	340	100	
1										260	100	340	120	
-										280	75	360	80	
										280	100	360	100	
										300	75	360	120	
										300	100	380	80	
										500	100	380	100	
												380	120	
												400	80	
												400	100	
												400	120	
												420	80	
												420	100	
												420	120	
												440	100	
												440	120	
												450	100	
												450	120	
												460	100	
												460	120	
												480	100	
												480	120	
												500	100	
												500	120	

# Rotho Blaas Screws "GHS"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.08$	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.00 \pm 0.05$	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$2.16 \pm 0.05$	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$

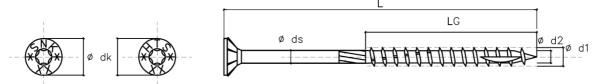


1.20		1.25	0	1.40	0	1.45		1.50	0	1.60		100	0	1 104	20		os Optional
d <sub>1</sub> 3.0		d <sub>1</sub> 3.5		d <sub>1</sub> 4.0		d <sub>1</sub> 4.5			0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0		d <sub>1</sub> 8.0			00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	
L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	L [mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]
20	15	20	14	25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
25	20	25	14	30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	80	52	200	80
30	25	25	20	30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	90	52	200	100
35	30	30	18	30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	100	52	220	80
40	35	30	25	35	16	40	24	60	30	60	35	100	52	120	52	220	100
		35	18	35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	120	60	240	80
-		40	18	40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	120	80	240	100
-		45	24	45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	140	52	260	80
		50	24	45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
				50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
				50	30	60 70	35	90 90	45 55	90 90	50 55	140 140	52 60	160 180	80 80	280 300	100 80
				60	30 35	70	35 40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
				70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
				70	40	00	70	110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
				80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	220	80	320	100
								110	60	120	50	180	80	220	100	320	120
								120	50	120	60	180	90	240	80	340	80
					1		1	120	60	120	75	180	100	240	100	340	100
										130	50	200	80	260	80	340	120
					İ		İ			130	60	200	100	260	100	360	80
										130	75	220	80	280	80	360	100
										140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
										140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
										150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
										150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
										160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
										160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
										180	75	280	100	320	120	400	120
										180	100	300	80	340	80	440	100
-										200	75	300	100	340	100	440	120
										200	100	300	120	340	120	480	100
										220	75	320	80	360	80	480	120
										220	100 75	320 320	100	360	100	500	100 120
										240 240	100	340	120 80	360 380	120 80	500 520	100
										260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
										260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
										280	75	360	80	400	80	540	120
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>			280	100	360	100	400	100	550	100
										300	75	360	120	400	120	550	120
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	l		300	100	380	80	420	80	560	100
					İ		İ			- / -		380	100	420	100	560	120
												380	120	420	120	600	100
												400	80	440	100	600	120
												400	100	440	120		
												400	120	450	100		
												420	80	450	120		
												420	100	460	100		
												420	120	460	120		
								<u> </u>				440	100	480	100	<u> </u>	
												440	120	480	120		
-					1		1	1				450	100	500	100	1	
-					1		1	1				450	120	500	120	1	
					<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>				460	100		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	-
												460 480	120 100				-
<b></b>					-		-	-				480	120	-	-	-	-
<b>—</b>					<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>					500	100		<del>                                     </del>		$\vdash$
					1		1					500	120		1		
L	İ				l .		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l		<u> </u>	200	140	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1

 $\underline{\text{Tolerance (L and $L_{\underline{G}}$):}} + 2.00 \text{ mm - } 1.00 \text{ mm / All specification in [mm] / Intermediate length (L) and thread length ($L_{\underline{G}}$) are possible.}$ 

# Rotho Blaas Screws "SENK" or "SNK" or "HTS"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.08$	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.00 \pm 0.05$	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.16 \pm 0.05$	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$

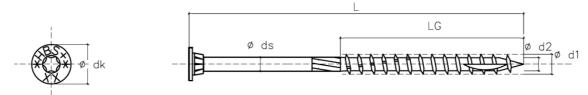


		<u>'</u>			S	nank Ribs	and Carvin	g Optional									
d <sub>1</sub> 3.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 3.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	00 mm
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
20	15	20	14	25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
25	20	25	14	30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	80	52	200	80
30	25	25	20	30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	90	52	200	100
35	30	30	18	30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	100	52	220	80
40	35	30 35	25 18	35 35	16 18	40 45	24 24	60 60	30 35	60 70	35 30	100	52 60	120 120	52 60	220 240	100 80
		40	18	40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	120	80	240	100
		45	24	45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	140	52	260	80
		50	24	45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
				50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
				50	30	60	35	90	45	90	50	140	52	160	80	280	100
				60	30	70	35	90	55	90	55	140	60	180	80	300	80
				60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
				70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
		<u> </u>		70	40			110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
-				80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	220	80	320	100
-								110 120	60 50	120 120	50 60	180 180	80 90	220 240	100 80	320 340	120 80
								120	60	120	75	180	100	240	100	340	100
<del></del>		<del> </del>	1	<del> </del>			1	120	- 00	130	50	200	80	260	80	340	120
										130	60	200	100	260	100	360	80
										130	75	220	80	280	80	360	100
										140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
										140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
										150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
										150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
										160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
										160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
										180	75	280	100	320	120	400	120
										180	100	300	80	340	80	440	100
										200	75 100	300 300	100 120	340 340	100 120	440 480	120 100
										220	75	320	80	360	80	480	120
										220	100	320	100	360	100	500	100
										240	75	320	120	360	120	500	120
										240	100	340	80	380	80	520	100
										260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
										260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
										280	75	360	80	400	80	540	120
										280	100	360	100	400	100	550	100
<u> </u>		ļ		ļ				ļ		300	75	360	120	400	120	550	120
-		<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>			1	<del>                                     </del>		300	100	380	80	420	80	560	100
<u> </u>		<del>                                     </del>	-	<del>                                     </del>			-	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	-	380	100	420	100	560	120
-		<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>				<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>		380 400	120 80	420 440	120 100	600	100 120
												400	100	440	120	500	120
		l	<u> </u>	l			<u> </u>	l		l	<u> </u>	400	120	450	100	l	
		1	1	1			1	1		1	1	420	80	450	120	1	
												420	100	460	100		
												420	120	460	120		
												440	100	480	100		
												440	120	480	120		
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		450	100	500	100	<u> </u>	
-												450	120	500	120		
-		<del>                                     </del>	-	<del>                                     </del>			1	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	-	460	100	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	
<u> </u>		<del>                                     </del>	-	<del>                                     </del>			-	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	-	460 480	120 100	-		<del>                                     </del>	
<b>—</b>		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>			<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	480	120	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	
<del></del>		<del> </del>	1	<del> </del>			1	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	1	500	100	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	
		1	1	l		1				<del>                                     </del>		500	120	<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<b> </b>

 $\underline{\text{Tolerance (L and $L_{\underline{G}}$):}} + 2.00 \text{ mm - } 1.00 \text{ mm / All specification in [mm] / Intermediate length (L) and thread length ($L_{\underline{G}}$) are possible.}$ 

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "HBS+"

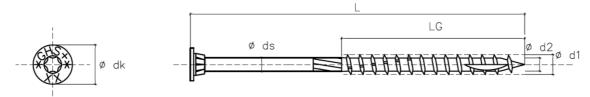
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$



d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	0 mm
L	$L_G$	L	$L_G$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_G$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	80	52	200	80
30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	90	52	200	100
30	25 16	35 40	24	50 60	30	60 60	30 35	90	52 52	100 120	52 52	220 220	100
35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	120	60	240	80
40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	120	80	240	100
45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	140	52	260	80
45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
50	30	60	35	90	45	90	50	140	52	160	80	280	100
60	30	70	35	90	55	90	55	140	60	180	80	300	80
60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
70	40			110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
80	40			110 110	55 60	110 120	60 50	160 180	100 80	220 220	80 100	320 320	100 120
				120	50	120	60	180	90	240	80	340	80
				120	60	120	75	180	100	240	100	340	100
				120		130	50	200	80	260	80	340	120
						130	60	200	100	260	100	360	80
						130	75	220	80	280	80	360	100
						140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
						140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
						150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
						150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
						160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
						160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
-						180 180	75	280 300	100	320	120	400	120
						200	100 75	300	80 100	340 340	80 100	440	100 120
						200	100	300	120	340	120	480	100
						220	75	320	80	360	80	480	120
						220	100	320	100	360	100	500	100
						240	75	320	120	360	120	500	120
						240	100	340	80	380	80	520	100
						260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
						260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
						280	75	360	80	400	80	540	120
-						280	100	360	100	400	100	550	100
<b>-</b>						300 300	75 100	360 380	120 80	400	120 80	550 560	120 100
<b> </b>						300	100	380	100	420	100	560	120
								380	120	420	120	600	100
								400	80	440	100	600	120
								400	100	440	120		
								400	120	450	100		
								420	80	450	120		
								420	100	460	100		
								420	120	460	120	<u> </u>	
<u> </u>								440	100	480	100		
-								440	120	480	120	<b></b>	
-								450	100	500	100	1	
<b>—</b>								450 460	120 100	500	120		
<b>—</b>								460	120			<del> </del>	
								480	100			<del>                                     </del>	
								480	120			1	
								500	100				
								500	120				

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "GHS+"

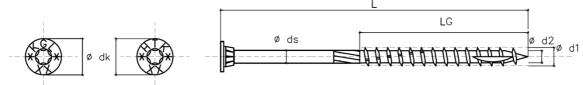
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$



d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	00 mm
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{G}}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
30	16 18	30 35	25 18	45 50	24 24	50 50	35 45	60 80	52 52	80 90	52 52	200	80 100
30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	100	52	220	80
35	16	40	24	60	30	60	35	100	52	120	52	220	100
35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	120	60	240	80
40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	120	80	240	100
45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	140	52	260	80
45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
50 60	30	60 70	35 35	90 90	45 55	90 90	50 55	140 140	52 60	160 180	80 80	280 300	100 80
60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
70	40			110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	220	80	320	100
				110	60	120	50	180	80	220	100	320	120
				120	50	120	60	180	90	240	80	340	80
-				120	60	120	75	180	100	240	100	340	100
-						130	50	200	80	260	100	340	120 80
						130 130	60 75	220	100 80	260 280	100 80	360 360	100
						140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
						140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
						150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
						150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
						160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
						160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
-						180	75	280	100	320	120	400	120
-						180 200	100 75	300 300	80 100	340 340	80 100	440	100 120
						200	100	300	120	340	120	480	100
						220	75	320	80	360	80	480	120
						220	100	320	100	360	100	500	100
						240	75	320	120	360	120	500	120
						240	100	340	80	380	80	520	100
						260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
-						260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
-						280 280	75 100	360 360	80 100	400	80 100	540 550	120
						300	75	360	120	400	120	550	120
						300	100	380	80	420	80	560	100
								380	100	420	100	560	120
								380	120	420	120	600	100
								400	80	440	100	600	120
								400	100	440	120		
-		<b> </b>		<b></b>		<b> </b>		400	120	450	100		
<b>-</b>								420 420	80 100	450 460	120 100		
								420	120	460	120		
								440	100	480	100		
								440	120	480	120		
								450	100	500	100		
<u> </u>								450	120	500	120		
-								460	100				
<u> </u>								460 480	120 100			-	
<b>-</b>								480	120				
								500	100				
		l		l		l		500	120	l			

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "KEGEL" or "KGL" or "HTK"

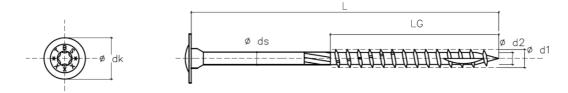
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$	$6.80 \pm 0.17$
$\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{S}}$ [mm]	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$	$18.25 \pm 0.46$	$20.75 \pm 0.52$



d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	)0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 12.0	00 mm
L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
25	20	25	20	40	20	40	35	40	32	60	52	160	80
30	16	30	25	45	24	50	35	60	52	80	52	200	80
30	18	35	18	50	24	50	45	80	52	90	52	200	100
30	25	35	24	50	30	60	30	90	52	100	52	220	80
35	16	40	24	60	30	60	35	100	52	120	52	220	100
35	18	45	24	60	35	70	30	100	60	120	60	240	80
40	24	45	30	70	35	70	40	100	80	120	80	240	100
45	24	50	24	70	40	80	40	120	52	140	52	260	80
45	30	50	30	80	40	80	50	120	60	140	60	260	100
50	24	60	30	80	50	90	40	120	80	140	80	280	80
50	30	60	35	90	45	90	50	140	52	160	80	280	100
60	30	70	35	90	55	90	55	140	60	180	80	300	80
60	35	70	40	100	50	100	50	140	80	180	90	300	100
70	35	80	40	100	60	100	60	160	80	200	80	300	120
70	40	- 00	40	110	50	110	50	160	90	200	100	320	80
80	40			110	55	110	60	160	100	220	80	320	100
50	70			110	60	120	50	180	80	220	100	320	120
				120	50	120	60	180	90	240	80	340	80
				120	60	120	75	180	100	240	100	340	100
				120	- 50	130	50	200	80	260	80	340	120
						130	60	200	100	260	100	360	80
						130	75	220	80	280	80	360	100
						140	75	220	100	280	100	360	120
						140	80	240	80	300	80	380	80
						150	75	240	100	300	100	380	100
						150	80	260	80	300	120	380	120
						160	75	260	100	320	80	400	80
						160	90	280	80	320	100	400	100
						180	75	280	100	320	120	400	120
						180	100	300	80	340	80	440	100
						200	75	300	100	340	100	440	120
						200	100	300	120	340	120	480	100
						220	75	320	80	360	80	480	120
						220	100	320	100	360	100	500	100
						240	75	320	120	360	120	500	120
						240	100	340	80	380	80	520	100
						260	75	340	100	380	100	520	120
						260	100	340	120	380	120	540	100
						280	75	360	80	400	80	540	120
						280	100	360	100	400	100	550	100
						300	75	360	120	400	120	550	120
						300	100	380	80	420	80	560	100
								380	100	420	100	560	120
								380	120	420	120	600	100
								400	80	440	100	600	120
								400	100	440	120	ļ	
								400	120	450	100	ļ	
								420	80	450	120	ļ	
								420	100	460	100		
						ļ		420	120	460	120		
								440	100	480	100		
						ļ		440	120	480	120		
						ļ		450	100	500	100		
						ļ		450	120	500	120		
						ļ		460	100				
						ļ		460	120				
						ļ		480	100				
								480	120			1	
						<u> </u>		500	100		ļ		ļ
	1	1	i			I	I	500	120	I	1		ĺ

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "TBS"

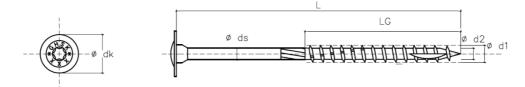
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$15.50 \pm 0.38$	$19.00 \pm 0.47$	$22.00 \pm 0.55$	$25.00 \pm 0.62$



d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.00 mm	
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_G$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
40	35	40	32	60	52
50	35	60	52	80	52
50	45	80	52	90	52
60	30	90	52	100	52
60	35	100	52	120	52
70	30	100	60	120	60
70	40	100	80	120	80
80	40	120	52	140	52
80	50	120	60	140	60
90	40	120	80	140	80
90	50	140	52	160	80
90	55	140	60	180	80
100	50	140	80	180	90
100	60	160	80	200	80
110	50	160	90	200	100
110	60	160	100	220	80
120	50	180	80	220	100
120	60	180	90	240	80
120	75	180	100	240	100
130	50	200	80	260	80
130	60	200	100	260	100
130	75	220	80	280	80
140	75	220	100	280	100
140	80	240	80	300	80
150	75	240	100	300	100
150	80	260	80	300	120
160	75	260	100	320	80
160	90	280	80	320	100
180	75	280	100	320	120
180	100	300	80	340	80
200	75	300	100	340	100
200	100	300	120	340	120
220	75	320	80	360	80
220	100	320	100	360	100
240	75	320	120	360	120
240	100 75	340 340	80 100	380	80
	100			380	100 120
260 280	75	340 360	120 80	380 400	80
280	100	360	100	400	100
300	75	360	120	400	120
300	100	380	80	420	80
300	100	380	100	420	100
<b>-</b>		380	120	420	120
		400	80	440	100
		400	100	440	120
		400	120	450	100
		420	80	450	120
		420	100	460	100
		420	120	460	120
		440	100	480	100
		440	120	480	120
		450	100	500	100
		450	120	500	120
		460	100	200	120
		460	120		
		480	100		
		480	120		
		500	100		
		500	120		
		200			

# Rotho Blaas Screws "GHSK"

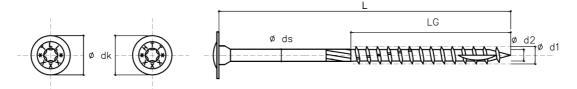
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$
$\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{S}}$ [mm]	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$15.50 \pm 0.38$	$19.00 \pm 0.47$	$22.00 \pm 0.55$	$25.00 \pm 0.62$



d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.0	00 mm
L	$L_G$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
40	35	40	32	60	52
50	35	60	52	80	52
50	45	80	52	90	52
60	30	90	52	100	52
60	35	100	52	120	52
70	30	100	60	120	60
70	40	100	80	120	80
80	40	120	52	140	52
80	50	120	60	140	60
90	40	120	80	140	80
90	50	140	52	160	80
90	55	140	60	180	80
100	50	140	80	180	90
100	60	160	80	200	80
110	50	160	90	200	100
110	60	160	100	220	80
120	50	180	80	220	100
120	60	180	90	240	80
120	75	180	100	240	100
130	50	200	80	260	80
130	60	200	100	260	100
130	75	220	80	280	80
140	75	220	100	280	100
140	80	240	80	300	80
150	75	240	100	300	100
150	80	260	80	300	120
160	75	260	100	320	80
160	90	280	80	320	100
180	75	280	100	320	120
180	100	300	80	340	80
200	75	300	100	340	100
200	100	300	120	340	120
220	75	320	80	360	80
220	100	320	100	360	100
240	75	320	120	360	120
240	100	340	80	380	80
260	75	340	100	380	100
260	100	340	120	380	120
280	75	360	80	400	80
280	100	360	100	400	100
300	75	360	120	400	120
300	100	380	80	420	80
		380	100	420	100
		380	120	420	120
		400	80	440	100
		400	100	440	120
		400	120	450	100
		420	80	450	120
		420	100	460	100
		420	120	460	120
		440	100	480	100
		440	120	480	120
		450	100	500	100
		450	120	500	120
		460	100		
		460	120		
		480	100		
			100		ı
		480	120		
		480 500 500	120 100 120		

# Rotho Blaas Screws "TELLER" or "TLL" or "HTT"

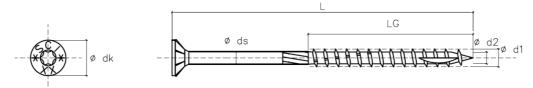
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$	$6.40 \pm 0.16$
$\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{S}}$ [mm]	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$	$7.00 \pm 0.18$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$15.50 \pm 0.38$	$19.00 \pm 0.47$	$22.00 \pm 0.55$	$25.00 \pm 0.62$



d <sub>1</sub> 6.0		d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 10.00 mm	
L	$L_G$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
40	35	40	32	60	52
50	35	60	52	80	52
50	45	80	52	90	52
60	30	90	52	100	52
60	35	100	52	120	52
70	30	100	60	120	60
70	40	100	80	120	80
80	40	120	52	140	52
80	50	120	60	140	60
90	40	120	80	140	80
90	50	140	52	160	80
90	55	140	60	180	80
100	50	140	80	180	90
100	60	160	80	200	80
110	50	160	90	200	100
110	60	160	100	220	80
120	50	180	80	220	100
120	60	180	90	240	80
120	75	180	100	240	100
130	50	200	80	260	80
130	60	200	100	260	100
130	75	220	80	280	80
140	75	220	100	280	100
140	80	240	80	300	80
150	75	240	100	300	100
150	80	260	80	300	120
160	75	260	100	320	80
160	90	280	80	320	100
180	75	280	100	320	120
180	100	300	80	340	80
200	75	300	100	340	100
200	100	300	120	340	120
220	75	320	80	360	80
220	100	320	100	360	100
240	75	320	120	360	120
240	100	340	80	380	80
260	75	340	100	380	100
260	100	340	120	380	120
280	75	360	80	400	80
280	100	360	100	400	100
300	75	360	120	400	120
300	100	380	80	420	80
		380	100	420	100
		380	120	420	120
		400	80	440	100
		400	100	440	120
	1	400	120	450	100
		400			
			80	450	120
		420	80 100	450 460	120 100
		420 420	100	460	100
		420 420 420	100 120	460 460	100 120
		420 420 420 440	100 120 100	460 460 480	100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440	100 120 100 120	460 460 480 480	100 120 100 120
		420 420 420 440 440 450	100 120 100 120 100	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450	100 120 100 120 100 120	460 460 480 480	100 120 100 120
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450 460	100 120 100 120 100 120 120	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450 460	100 120 100 120 100 120 100 120	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450 460 460	100 120 100 120 100 120 100 120 120	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450 460 480 480	100 120 100 120 100 120 100 120 100 120	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100
		420 420 420 440 440 450 450 460 460	100 120 100 120 100 120 100 120 120	460 460 480 480 500	100 120 100 120 100

# Rotho Blaas Screws "SCI"

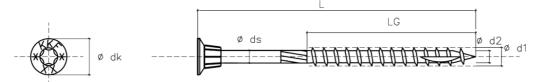
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$3.50 \pm 0.09$	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$2.25 \pm 0.05$	$2.55 \pm 0.06$	$2.80 \pm 0.07$	$3.40 \pm 0.09$	$3.95 \pm 0.10$	$5.40 \pm 0.13$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.45 \pm 0.06$	$2.75 \pm 0.07$	$3.15 \pm 0.08$	$3.65 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$	$5.80 \pm 0.14$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$7.00 \pm 0.18$	$8.00 \pm 0.20$	$9.00 \pm 0.23$	$10.00 \pm 0.25$	$12.00 \pm 0.30$	$14.50 \pm 0.36$



d 35	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d 45	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 8.0	0 mm
L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>	L	L <sub>G</sub>
[mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	[mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	[mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	[mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	[mm]	L <sub>G</sub> [mm]	[mm]	[mm]
20	14	20	15	35	24	40	20	60	30	40	32
25	14	30	16	35	30	45	24	70	30	60	52
30	18	35	16	40	24	50	24	70	40	80	52
35	18	40	24	45	24	60	30	80	40	100	52
40	18	45	24	50	24	70	35	90	40	100	80
45	24	50	24	60	30	80	40	100	50	120	52
50	24	60	30	70	35	90	45	110	50	120	80
		70	35	80	40	100	50	120	50	140	52
		80	40			120	50	120	60	140	80
								130	50	160	80
								140	75	180	80
								150	75	180	90
								160	75	200	80
								180	75	200	100
								200	75	220	80
								220	75	220	100
<u> </u>								240	75	240	80
<u> </u>								260	75	240	100
								280 300	75 75	260 260	80 100
								300	13	280	80
										280	100
										200	100
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#### Rotho Blaas Screws "KKF"

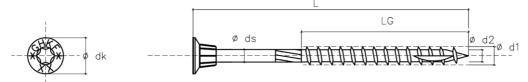
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$2.60 \pm 0.06$	$3.05 \pm 0.08$	$3.25 \pm 0.08$	$4.05 \pm 0.10$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$2.90 \pm 0.07$	$3.35 \pm 0.08$	$3.60 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$
d <sub>v</sub> [mm]	7.80 + 0.20	$8.80 \pm 0.22$	$9.80 \pm 0.25$	11.80 + 0.29



d. 4 0	0 mm	Milling Ribs Opt						
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	
30	16	35	20	40	20	60	30	
30	18	35	24	40	24	70	30	
35	16	40	20	45	24	70	40	
35	20	40	24	45	30	80	40	
35	24	45	24	50	24	80	50	
40	20	45	25	50	30	90	40	
40	24	45	30	60	30	90	50	
45	24	50	24	60	35	90	55	
45	25	50	25	70	35	100	50	
45	30	50	30	70	40	100	60	
50	24	60	30	80	40	110	50	
50	25	60	35	80	50	120	50	
50	30	70	35	90	45	120	75	
60	30	70	40	90	50	130	50	
70	35	80	40	90	55	130	75	
80	40			100	50	140	75	
		ļ		100	60	140	80	
				120	50	150	75	
				120	60	150	80	
						160	75	
						160	90	
						180	75	
						180	100	
						200	75	
						200	100	
						220	75	
						220	100	
						240	75	
						240	100	
						260	75	
						260	100	
						280	75	
						280	100	
						300	75	
						300	100	
						300	100	
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#### Rotho Blaas Screws "GHKF"

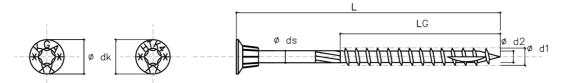
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$2.60 \pm 0.06$	$3.05 \pm 0.08$	$3.25 \pm 0.08$	$4.05 \pm 0.10$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$2.90 \pm 0.07$	$3.35 \pm 0.08$	$3.60 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$
d <sub>v</sub> [mm]	$7.80 \pm 0.20$	8.80 + 0.22	9.80 + 0.25	11.80 + 0.29



					M	lilling Ribs	Optional
d <sub>1</sub> 4.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 4.5	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 5.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 6.0	0 mm
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
30	16	35	20	40	20	60	30
30	18	35	24	40	24	70	30
35	16	40	20	45 45	24	70	40
35 35	20 24	45	24 24	50	30 24	80 80	40 50
40	20	45	25	50	30	90	40
40	24	45	30	60	30	90	50
45	24	50	24	60	35	90	55
45	25	50	25	70	35	100	50
45	30	50	30	70	40	100	60
50	24	60	30	80	40	110	50
50	25	60	35	80	50	120	50
50	30	70	35	90	45	120	75
60	30	70	40	90	50	130	50
70	35	80	40	90	55	130	75
80	40			100	50	140	75
				100	60	140	80
				120	50	150	75
				120	60	150	80
	-	-		-		160	75
						160	90
						180	75
						180	100
						200	75
						200 220	100 75
						220	100
						240	75
						240	100
						260	75
						260	100
						280	75
						280	100
						300	75
						300	100
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# Rotho Blaas Screws "KEGEL410" or "KGA" or "HTK4"

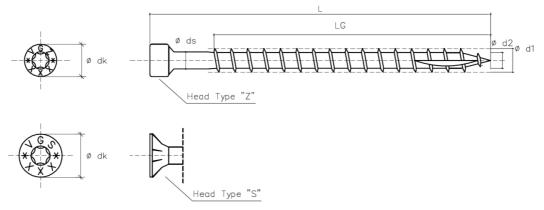
$\mathbf{d_1}$ [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$
$d_2$ [mm]	$2.60 \pm 0.06$	$3.05 \pm 0.08$	$3.25 \pm 0.08$	$4.05 \pm 0.10$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$2.90 \pm 0.07$	$3.35 \pm 0.08$	$3.60 \pm 0.09$	$4.30 \pm 0.11$
d⊭ [mm]	7.80 + 0.20	$8.80 \pm 0.22$	$9.80 \pm 0.25$	11.80 + 0.29



Milling Ribs Optional							
$d_1 4.0$	d <sub>1</sub> 4.00 mm   d <sub>1</sub> 4.50 mm   d <sub>1</sub> 5.00 mm		$d_1 6.0$	0 mm			
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
30	16	35	20	40	20	60	30
30	18	35	24	40	24	70	30
35	16	40	20	45	24	70	40
35	20	40	24	45	30	80	40
35	24	45	24	50	24	80	50
40	20	45	25	50	30	90	40
40	24	45	30	60	30	90	50
45	24	50	24	60	35	90	55
45	25	50	25	70	35	100	50
45	30	50	30	70	40	100	60
50	24	60	30	80	40	110	50
50	25	60	35	80	50	120	50
50	30	70	35	90	45	120	75
60	30	70	40	90	50	130	50
70	35	80	40	90	55	130	75
80	40			100	50	140	75
				100	60	140	80
				120	50	150	75
				120	60	150	80
				120	- 00	160	75
						160	90
						180	75
						180	100
						200	75
						200	100
						220	75
						220	100
						240	75
						240	100
						260	75
						260	100
						280	75
						280	100
						300	75
						300	100
						200	100
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# Rotho Blaas Screws "VGZ" and "VGS"

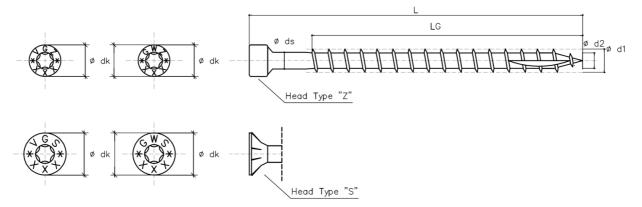
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$7.00 \pm 0.17$	$9.00 \pm 0.22$	11.00 ± 0.27
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$4.60 \pm 0.11$	$5.90 \pm 0.15$	$6.60 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.50 \pm 0.16$	$7.70 \pm 0.19$
<b>d</b> <sub>K</sub> [mm] Type <b>Z</b>	$9.50 \pm 0.24$	$11.50 \pm 0.29$	$13.50 \pm 0.34$
<b>d</b> <sub>K</sub> [mm] Type <b>S</b>	$13.00 \pm 0.32$	$16.00 \pm 0.40$	$19.30 \pm 0.48$



d <sub>1</sub> 7.00 mm		d <sub>1</sub> 9.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 11.0	00 mm
L	$L_{G}$	L L <sub>G</sub>		L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
100	80	140	120	100	80
100	90	140	130	100	90
120	100	160	140	125	105
120	110	160	150	125	115
140	120	180	160	150	130
140	130	180	170	150	140
160	140	200	180	175	155
160	150	200	190	175	165
180	160	220	200	200	180
180	170	220	210	200	190
200	180	240	220	220	200
200	190	240	230	220	210
220	200	260	240	240	220
220	210	260	250	240	230
240	220	280	260	250	230
240	230	280	270	250	240
260	240	300	280	260	240
260	250	300	290	260	250
280	260	320	300	280	260
280	270	320	310	280	270
300	280	340	300	300	280
300	290	340	320	300	290
320	300	360	320	325	305
320	310	360	340	325	315
340	300	380	340	350	330
340	320	380	360	375	355
360	320	400	360	400	380
360	340	400	380	425	405
380	340	425	385	450	430
380	360	425	405	475	455
400	360	450	410	500	480
400	380	450	430	525	505
		475	435	550	530
		475	455	575	555
		500	460	600	580
		500	480		

# Rotho Blaas Screws "GWZ" and "GWS"

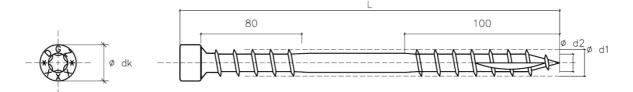
<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$7.00 \pm 0.17$	$9.00 \pm 0.22$	11.00 ± 0.27
<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub> [mm]	$4.60 \pm 0.11$	$5.90 \pm 0.15$	$6.60 \pm 0.17$
d <sub>s</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.50 \pm 0.16$	$7.70 \pm 0.19$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm] Type <b>Z</b>	$9.50 \pm 0.24$	$11.50 \pm 0.29$	$13.50 \pm 0.34$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm] Type <b>S</b>	$13.00 \pm 0.32$	16.00 ± 0.40	19.30 ± 0.48



d <sub>1</sub> 7.00 mm		d <sub>1</sub> 9.0	0 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 11.0	00 mm
L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$	L	$L_{G}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
100	80	140	120	100	80
100	90	140	130	100	90
120	100	160	140	125	105
120	110	160	150	125	115
140	120	180	160	150	130
140	130	180	170	150	140
160	140	200	180	175	155
160	150	200	190	175	165
180	160	220	200	200	180
180	170	220	210	200	190
200	180	240	220	220	200
200	190	240	230	220	210
220	200	260	240	240	220
220	210	260	250	240	230
240	220	280	260	250	230
240	230	280	270	250	240
260	240	300	280	260	240
260	250	300	290	260	250
280	260	320	300	280	260
280	270	320	310	280	270
300	280	340	300	300	280
300	290	340	320	300	290
320	300	360	320	325	305
320	310	360	340	325	315
340	300	380	340	350	330
340	320	380	360	375	355
360	320	400	360	400	380
360	340	400	380	425	405
380	340	425	385	450	430
380	360	425	405	475	455
400	360	450	410	500	480
400	380	450	430	525	505
		475	435	550	530
		475	455	575	555
		500	460	600	580
		500	480		

# Rotho Blaas Screws "DGZ"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$7.00 \pm 0.17$	$9.00 \pm 0.22$
$\mathbf{d}_2 [\mathrm{mm}]$	$4.60 \pm 0.11$	$5.90 \pm 0.15$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.50 \pm 0.16$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$9.50 \pm 0.24$	$11.50 \pm 0.29$

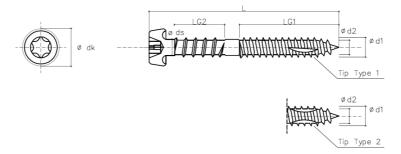


d <sub>1</sub> 7.00 mm	d <sub>1</sub> 9.00 mm
L	L
[mm]	[mm]
220	220
240	240
260	260
280	280
300	300
320	320
340	340
360	360
380	380
400	400
	420
	440
	450
	460
	480
	500
_	

 $\underline{Tolerance\;(L\;and\;L_G)}: +2.00\;mm\;-\;1.00\;mm\;/\;All\;specification\;in\;[mm]\;/\;Intermediate\;length\;(L)\;and\;thread\;length\;(L_G)\;are\;possible.$ 

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "KKT"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$3.10 \pm 0.08$	$3.90 \pm 0.10$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$3.80 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$
dk [mm]	$6.75 \pm 0.14$	$7.75 \pm 0.16$

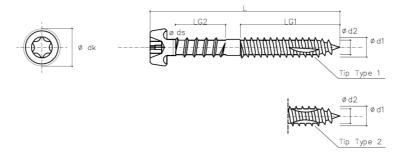


d <sub>1</sub> 5.00 mm		d <sub>1</sub> 6.00 mm			
L	$L_{G1}$	$L_{G2}$	L	$L_{G1}$	$L_{G2}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
40	24	10	60	42	12
45	29	10	80	50	16
50	34	10	100	50	16
55	37	12	120	60	26
60	42	12	120	00	20
65	47	12			
70	52	12			
80	52	12			
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 $\underline{\text{Tolerance (L and $L_{\underline{G}}$):}} + 2.00 \text{ mm - } 1.00 \text{ mm / All specification in [mm] / Intermediate length (L) and thread length ($L_{\underline{G}}$) are possible.}$ 

# Rotho Blaas Screws "MNA/MNB/MNG"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.12$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$
$\mathbf{d}_2$ [mm]	$3.10 \pm 0.08$	$3.90 \pm 0.10$
d <sub>S</sub> [mm]	$3.80 \pm 0.10$	$4.50 \pm 0.11$
d <sub>K</sub> [mm]	$6.75 \pm 0.14$	$7.75 \pm 0.16$

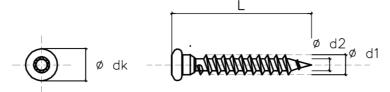


d <sub>1</sub> 5.00 mm		d <sub>1</sub> 6.00 mm			
L	$L_{G1}$	$L_{G2}$	L	$L_{G1}$	$L_{G2}$
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
40	24	10	60	42	12
45	29	10	80	50	16
50	34	10	100	50	16
55	37	12	120	60	26
60	42	12	120	00	20
65	47	12			
70	52	12			
80	52	12			
<u> </u>			ļ		-

 $\underline{\text{Tolerance (L and $L_{\underline{G}}$):}} + 2.00 \text{ mm - } 1.00 \text{ mm / All specification in [mm] / Intermediate length (L) and thread length ($L_{\underline{G}}$) are possible.}$ 

#### Rotho Blaas Screws "LBS"

<b>d</b> <sub>1</sub> [mm]	$5.00 \pm 0.13$
$\mathbf{d}_{2}$ [mm]	$3.00 \pm 0.10$
$\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{K}}$ [mm]	$7.80 \pm 0.20$

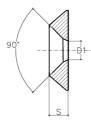


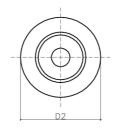
d <sub>1</sub> 5.00 mm						
H	L					
	L [mm]					
	25 40					
	50					
	60					
	70					
	70					
_						
H						
H						

 $\underline{Tolerance\;(L\;and\;L_G)}: + 2.00\;mm \; - \; 1.00\;mm \; / \;All\; specification\;in\;[mm] \; / \;Intermediate\; length\;(L)\; and\; thread\; length\;(L_G)\; are\; possible.$ 

Rotho Blaas Screws "HUS", "SCB, "SHT", "SUS"

$\mathbf{d}_{1\mathrm{SCREW}}$	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00
$\mathbf{D}_1$ [mm]	$7.50 \pm 0.19$	$8.50 \pm 0.21$	$11.00 \pm 0.28$	$14.00 \pm 0.35$
$\mathbf{D}_{2}$ [mm]	$20.00 \pm 0.50$	$25.00 \pm 0.63$	$32.00 \pm 0.80$	$37.00 \pm 0.93$
S [mm]	$4.00 \pm 0.10$	$5.00 \pm 0.13$	$6.00 \pm 0.15$	$7.50 \pm 0.19$

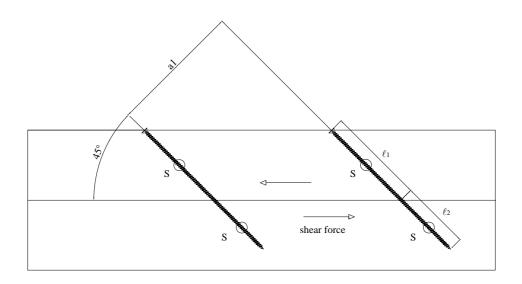




 $All\ specification\ in\ [mm]\ /\ Intermediate\ size\ are\ possible.\ /\ Material:\ carbon\ steel\ or\ stainless\ steel$ 

# Annex B Minimum distances and spacing

## **Axially loaded screws Single configuration**



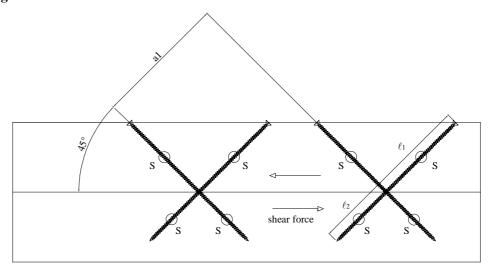


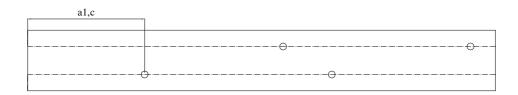
$$\begin{array}{ll} a_1 \geq 5 \cdot d \\ a_2 \geq 2, 5 \cdot d \\ a_{3,c} \geq 10 \cdot d \\ a_{4,c} \geq 4 \cdot d \end{array} \quad \text{if } a_1 \cdot a_2 \geq 25 \cdot d^2$$

Minimum distances and spacing see also 4.2 Minimum timber thickness  $t = 12 \cdot d$ , see also 4.2

S = centroid of the part of the screw in the timber

## Axially loaded screws Crosswise configuration





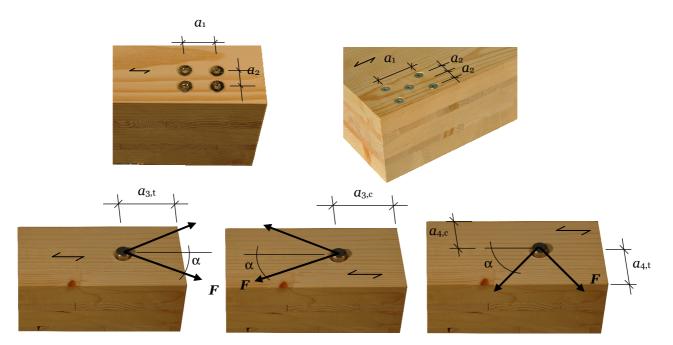
$$\begin{aligned} &a_1 \geq 5 \cdot d \\ &a_2 \geq 1, 5 \cdot d \\ &a_{3,c} \geq 10 \cdot d \\ &a_{4,c} \geq 4 \cdot d \end{aligned} \qquad if \ a_1 \cdot a_2 \geq 25 \cdot d^2$$

Minimum distances and spacing see also 4.2 Minimum timber thickness  $t = 12 \cdot d$ , see also 4.2

S = centroid of the part of the screw in the timber

### Axially or laterally loaded screws in the plane or edge surface of cross laminated timber

Definition of spacing, end and edge distances in the plane surface unless otherwise specified in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) for the cross laminated timber:



Definition of spacing, end and edge distances in the edge surface unless otherwise specified in the technical specification (ETA or hEN) for the cross laminated timber:

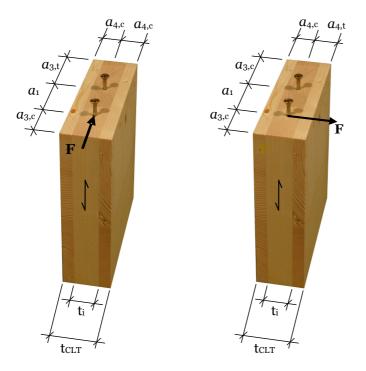
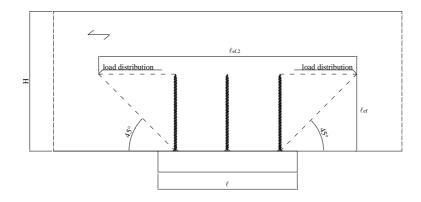


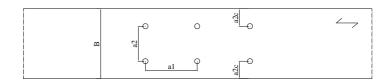
Table B1: Minimum spacing, end and edge distances of screws in the plane or edge surfaces of cross laminated timber

	$a_1$	$a_{3,t}$	$a_{3,c}$	$a_2$	$a_{4,t}$	$a_{4,c}$
Plane surface (see Figure 1)	4 · d	6 · d	6 · d	2,5 · d	6 · d	2,5 · d
Edge surface (see Figure 2)	10 ⋅ d	12 · d	7 · d	4 · d	6 · d	3 · d

## Annex C Compression reinforcement

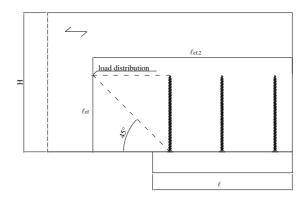
# **Reinforced centre-bearing**

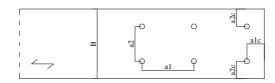




- H component height [mm]
- B bearing width [mm]
- $\ell_{ef}$  point side penetration length [mm]
- $\ell_{\text{ef,2}}$  effective distribution length in the plane of the screw tips [mm]
  - =  $2 \cdot \ell_{ef} + (n_0 1) \cdot a_1$  for centre-bearings

# Reinforced end-bearing





H component height [mm]

B bearing width [mm]

 $\ell_{ef}$  point side penetration length [mm]

 $\ell_{\text{ef,2}}~$  effective distribution length in the plane of the screw tips [mm]

=  $\ell_{ef}$  + (n<sub>0</sub> - 1) · a<sub>1</sub> + min ( $\ell_{ef}$ ; a<sub>1,c</sub>) for end-bearings

# Annex D Thermal insulation material on top of rafters or facades

Rotho Blaas screws with an outer thread diameter of at least 6 mm may also be used for the fixing of thermal insulation on top of rafters.

The thickness of the insulation shall not exceed 300 mm. The rafter insulation must be placed on top of solid timber or glued laminated timber rafters and be fixed by battens arranged parallel to the rafters or by wood-based panels on top of the insulation layer. The insulation of vertical facades is also covered by the rules given here.

Screws must be screwed in the rafter through the battens or panels and the insulation without pre-drilling in one sequence.

The angle  $\alpha$  between the screw axis and the grain direction of the rafter should be between 30° and 90°.

The rafter consists of solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338, glued laminated timber according to EN 14081, cross-laminated timber, or laminated veneer lumber according to EN 14374 or to European Technical Approval or similar glued members according to European Technical Approval.

The battens must be from solid timber (softwood) according to EN 338:2003-04. The minimum thickness t and the minimum width b of the battens is given as follows:

Screws $d \le 8$ mm:	$b_{min} = 50 \text{ mm}$	$t_{min} = 30 \text{ mm}$
Screws $9 \le d \le 10$ mm:	$b_{min} = 60 \text{ mm}$	$t_{min} = 40 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 11 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 80 \text{ mm}$	$t_{min} = 60 \text{ mm}$
Screws $d = 12 \text{ mm}$ :	$b_{min} = 100 \text{ mm}$	$t_{min} = 80 \text{ mm}$

The insulation must comply with a European Technical Approval.

Friction forces shall not be considered for the design of the characteristic axial capacity of the screws.

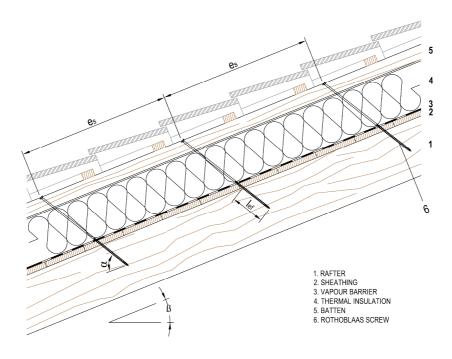
The anchorage of wind suction forces as well as the bending stresses of the battens or the boards, respectively, shall be considered in design. Additional screws perpendicular to the grain of the rafter (angle  $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$ ) may be arranged if necessary.

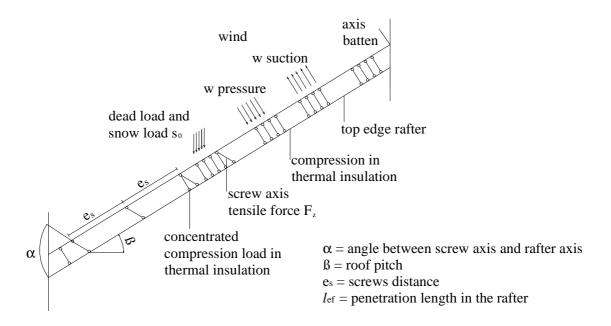
The maximum screw spacing is  $e_s = 1.75$  m.

#### Thermal insulation on rafters with parallel inclined screws

#### Mechanical model

The system of rafter, thermal insulation material on top of rafter and battens parallel to the rafter may be considered as a beam on elastic foundation. The batten represents the beam, and the thermal insulation material on top of the rafter the elastic foundation. The minimum compression stress of the thermal insulation material at 10 % deformation, measured according to EN 826 (2), shall be  $\sigma_{(10\,\%)} = 0.05$  N/mm². The batten is loaded perpendicular to the axis by point loads  $F_b$ . Further point loads  $F_s$  are from the shear load of the roof due to dead and snow load, which are transferred from the screw heads into the battens.





#### Design of the battens

The bending stresses are calculated as:

$$M = \frac{(F_b + F_s) \cdot \ell_{char}}{4}$$

where

$$\ell_{char} = characteristic \ length \ \ \ell_{char} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{4 \cdot EI}{w_{ef} \cdot K}}$$

EI = bending stiffness of the batten

K = coefficient of subgrade

 $w_{ef}$  = effective width of the thermal insulation material

 $F_b$  = point loads perpendicular to the battens

 $F_s$  = point loads perpendicular to the battens, load application in the area of the screw heads

The coefficient of subgrade K may be calculated from the modulus of elasticity  $E_{\rm HI}$  and the thickness  $t_{\rm HI}$  of the thermal insulation material if the effective width  $w_{\rm ef}$  of the thermal insulation material under compression is known. Due to the load extension in the thermal insulation material the effective width  $w_{\rm ef}$  is greater than the width of the batten or rafter, respectively. For further calculations, the effective width  $w_{\rm ef}$  of the thermal insulation material may be determined according to:

$$w_{ef} = w + t_{HI}/2$$

where

w = minimum width of the batten or rafter, respectively

t<sub>HI</sub> = thickness of the thermal insulation material

$$K = \frac{E_{HI}}{t_{HI}}$$

The following condition shall be satisfied:

$$\frac{\sigma_{m,d}}{f_{m,d}} = \frac{M_d}{W \cdot f_{m,d}} \le 1$$

For the calculation of the section modulus W the net cross section has to be considered.

The shear stresses shall be calculated according to:

$$V = \frac{(F_b + F_s)}{2}$$

The following condition shall be satisfied:

$$\frac{\tau_{d}}{f_{v,d}} = \frac{1, 5 \cdot V_{d}}{A \cdot f_{v,d}} \le 1$$

For the calculation of the cross section area the net cross section has to be considered.

#### Design of the thermal insulation material

The compressive stresses in the thermal insulation material shall be calculated according to:

$$\sigma = \frac{1.5 \cdot F_b + F_s}{2 \cdot \ell_{char} \cdot w}$$

The design value of the compressive stress shall not be greater than 110 % of the compressive stress at 10 % deformation calculated according to EN 826.

#### Design of the screws

The screws are loaded predominantly axially. The axial tension force in the screw may be calculated from the shear loads of the roof  $R_s$ :

$$T_S = \frac{R_S}{\cos \alpha}$$

The load-carrying capacity of axially loaded screws is the minimum design value of the axial withdrawal capacity of the threaded part of the screw, the head pull-through capacity of the screw and the tensile capacity of the screw.

In order to limit the deformation of the screw head for thermal insulation material thicknesses over 200 mm or with compressive strength below  $0.12 \text{ N/mm}^2$ , respectively, the axial withdrawal capacity of the screws shall be reduced by the factors  $k_1$  and  $k_2$ :

- for "HBS", "HBS+", "TBS", "KKF", "SCI" screws with partial thread:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rd} = min \left\{ \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef} \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2}{1.2 \cdot cos^2 \alpha + sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0.8}; f_{head,d} \cdot d_h^2 \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0.8}; \frac{f_{tens,k}}{\gamma_{M2}} \right\}$$

- for "DGZ", "VGS", "GWZ", "GWS", "VGZ" screws with full thread or double thread:

$$F_{\text{ax},\alpha,\text{Rd}} = \text{min} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\frac{f_{\text{ax},d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{\text{ef}} \cdot k_1 \cdot k_2}{1,2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8} \\ &\max \left\{ f_{\text{head},d} \cdot d_h^2; \frac{f_{\text{ax},d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{\text{ef},b}}{1,2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \right\} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_k}{350}\right)^{0,8} \\ &\frac{f_{\text{tens},k}}{\gamma_{\text{M2}}} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

where:

 $F_{\text{ax,o.d}}$  design value of the load-carrying capacity of axially loaded screws [N]

 $f_{ax,d}$  design value of the axial withdrawal parameter of the threaded part of the screw in the rafter or batten,  $f_{ax,d}$  does not apply for wood-based panels except plywood, LVL or solid wood panels

 $[N/mm^2]$  ( $f_{ax,k} = 11,7 N/mm^2$ )

d outer thread diameter of the screw [mm]

 $\ell_{ef}$  point side penetration length of the threaded part of the screw in the batten,  $l_{ef} \ge 40$  mm [mm]

 $\ell_{ef,b}$  length of the threaded part in the batten including the head for tensile and excluding the head for

compressive force [mm]

 $\alpha$  angle between grain and screw axis (30° <  $\alpha$  < 90°)

 $\rho_k$  characteristic density of the wood-based member [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

f<sub>head,d</sub> design value of the head pull-through capacity of the screw [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

d<sub>h</sub> head diameter [mm]

 $f_{\text{tens},k} \qquad \text{characteristic tensile capacity of the screw } [N] \\$ 

 $\gamma_{M2}$  partial factor according to EN 1993-1-1 or to the particular national annex

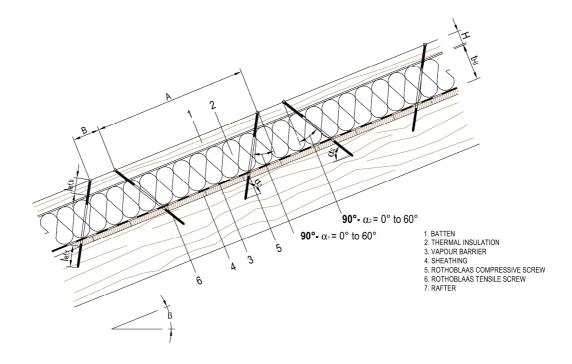
 $\begin{array}{ll} k_1 & min \{1; 200/t_{HI}\} \\ k_2 & min \{1; \sigma_{10\%}/0,12\} \end{array}$ 

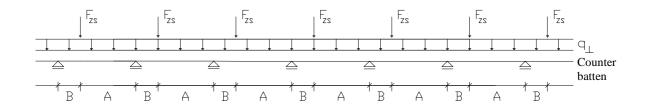
t<sub>HI</sub> thickness of the thermal insulation material [mm]

 $\sigma_{10\%}$  compressive stress of the thermal insulation material under 10 % deformation [N/mm<sup>2</sup>]

If  $k_1$  and  $k_2$  are considered, the deflection of the battens does not need to be considered. Alternatively to the battens, panels with a minimum thickness of 20 mm from plywood according to EN 636 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site, particle board according to EN 312 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site, oriented strand board according to EN 300 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site and solid wood panels according to EN 13353 or an ETA or national provisions that apply at the installation site or cross laminated timber according to an ETA may be used.

#### Thermal insulation on rafters with alternatively inclined "DGZ", "GWZ", "GWS", "VGZ" or "VGS" screws





#### Mechanical model

Depending on the screw spacing and the arrangement of tensile and compressive screws with different inclinations the battens are loaded by significant bending moments. The bending moments are derived based on the following assumptions:

- The tensile and compressive loads in the screws are determined based on equilibrium conditions from the actions parallel and perpendicular to the roof plane.
  - These actions are constant line loads  $q_{\perp}$  and  $q_{||}$ .
- The screws act as hinged columns supported 10 mm within the batten or rafter, respectively. The effective column length consequently equals the length of the screw between batten and rafter plus 20 mm.
- The batten is considered as a continuous beam with a constant span ℓ = A + B.
   The compressive screws constitute the supports of the continuous beam while the tensile screws transfer concentrated loads perpendicular to the batten axis.

The screws are predominantly loaded in withdrawal or compression, respectively. The screw's normal forces are determined based on the loads parallel and perpendicular to the roof plane:

Compressive screw: 
$$F_{c,Ed} = (A + B) \cdot \left( -\frac{q_{II} \cdot \sin \alpha_2 + q_{\perp} \cdot \cos \alpha_2}{\sin (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} \right)$$

$$F_{t,Ed} = (A+B) \cdot \left( \frac{q_{II} \cdot \sin \alpha_1 - q_{\perp} \cdot \cos \alpha_1}{\sin \left(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2\right)} \right)$$

The bending moments in the batten follow from the constant line load  $q_{\perp}$  and the load components perpendicular to the

batten from the tensile screws. The span of the continuous beam is (A + B). The load component perpendicular to the batten from the tensile screw is:

$$F_{ZS,Ed} = (A+B) \cdot \left( \frac{q_{II} \cdot \sin \alpha_1 \cdot \sin \alpha_2 - q_{\perp} \cdot \cos \alpha_1 \cdot \sin \alpha_2}{\sin(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} \right)$$

where:

 $q_{II}$  constant line load parallel to batten

 $q_{\perp}$  constant line load perpendicular to batten

 $\alpha_1$  angle between compressive screw axis and grain direction

 $\alpha_2$  angle between tensile screw axis and grain direction

A positive value for F<sub>ZS</sub> means a load towards the rafter, a negative value a load away from the rafter.

#### Design of the screws

The load-carrying capacity of the screws shall be calculated as follows:

Screws loaded in tension:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rd} = min \left\{ \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef,b}}{1,2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_{b,k}}{350}\right)^{0.8}; \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef,r}}{1,2 \cdot \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left(\frac{\rho_{r,k}}{350}\right)^{0.8}; \frac{f_{tens,k}}{\gamma_{M2}} \right\}$$

Screws loaded in compression:

$$F_{ax,\alpha,Rd} = min \left\{ \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef,b}}{1,2 \cdot cos^2 \alpha + sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_{b,k}}{350} \right)^{0.8}; \frac{f_{ax,d} \cdot d \cdot \ell_{ef,r}}{1,2 \cdot cos^2 \alpha + sin^2 \alpha} \cdot \left( \frac{\rho_{r,k}}{350} \right)^{0.8}; \frac{\kappa_c \cdot N_{pl,k}}{\gamma_{M1}} \right\}$$

where:

 $F_{ax,o,Rd}$  design value of the load-carrying capacity of the screw [N]

 $f_{ax,d}$  design value of the axial withdrawal parameter of the threaded part of the screw in the rafter or batten,  $f_{ax,d}$  does not apply for wood-based panels except plywood, LVL or solid wood panels

 $[N/mm^2]$   $(f_{ax,k} = 11,7 N/mm^2)$ 

d outer thread diameter of the screw [mm]

 $\ell_{\text{ef,b}}$  penetration length of the threaded part of the screw in the batten [mm]

 $\ell_{\text{ef,r}}$  penetration length of the threaded part of the screw in the rafter,  $l_{\text{ef}} \ge 40$  mm [mm]

 $\rho_{b,k}$  characteristic density of the batten [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

 $\rho_{r,k}$  characteristic density of the rafter [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

 $\alpha$  angle  $\alpha_1$  or  $\alpha_2$  between screw axis and grain direction,  $30^{\circ} \le \alpha_{\square} \le 90^{\circ}$ ,  $30^{\circ} \le \alpha_2 \le 90^{\circ}$ 

 $f_{tens k}$  characteristic tensile capacity of the screw [N]

 $\gamma_{M1}, \gamma_{M2}$  partial factor according to EN 1993-1-1 or to the particular national annex

 $\kappa_c \cdot N_{pl,k}$  buckling capacity of the screw [N]

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# Buckling capacity of the screw

	"DGZ"		"GWZ", "GWS", "VGZ" or "VGS"			
Free screw	7 mm	9 mm	7 mm	9 mm	11 mm	
length [mm]	$\kappa_{c} \cdot N_{pl,k} [kN]$	$\kappa_{\rm c} \cdot N_{{\rm pl},k}  [kN]$	$\kappa_{c} \cdot N_{pl,k} [kN]$	$\kappa_{\rm c} \cdot N_{\rm pl,k}  [kN]$	$\kappa_{c} \cdot N_{pl,k} [kN]$	
≤ 100	3,52	9,23	2,57	6,49	9,75	
120	2,68	7,15	1,95	4,99	7,57	
140	2,10	5,68	1,53	3,95	6,02	
160	1,70	4,61	1,23	3,19	4,89	
180	1,40	3,82	1,01	2,63	4,05	
200	1,17	3,21	0,84	2,22	3,40	
220	0,99	2,74	0,71	1,88	2,91	
240	0,85	2,36	0,61	1,62	2,50	
260	0,74	2,05	0,53	1,41	2,18	
280	0,65	1,80	0,47	1,23	1,91	
300	0,57	1,59	0,41	1,09	1,69	
320		1,42				
340		1,27				
360		1,15				
380		1,04				
400		0,95				

## where

free screw length =  $t_{HI}$  /  $\sin \alpha$  [mm]  $(\alpha = \alpha_1 \text{ or } \alpha_2)$